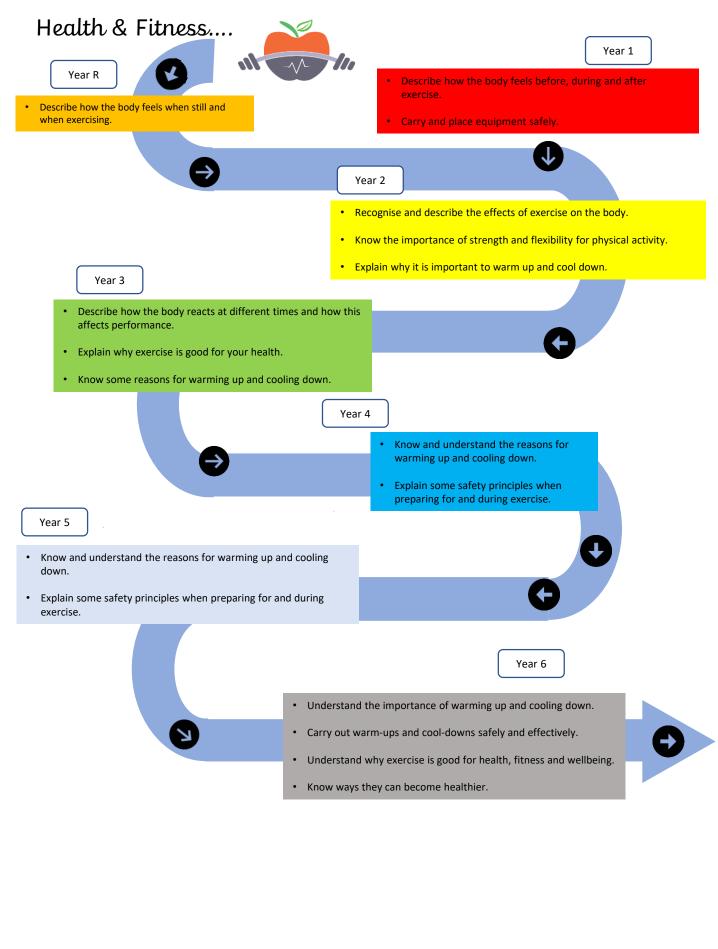


Physical Education Progression Pathways

"If you had fun, then you won!"

"Every winner was once a beginner."





















Dance Progression Grid

Early Years Outcome

The main Early Years Outcomes covered in the Dance units are:

- Moves freely and with pleasure and confidence in a range of ways, such as slithering, shuffling, rolling, crawling, walking, running, jumping, skipping, sliding and hopping. (PD – M&H 30-50)
- Experiments with different ways of moving. (PD M&H 40-60)
- Children show good control and coordination in large and small movements. They move confidently in a range of ways, safely negotiating space. (PD – M&H ELG)
- Enjoys joining in with dancing and ring games. (EAD – M & M 30-50)
- Beginning to move rhythmically.
 (EAD M & M 30-50)
- Imitates movement in response to music. (EAD M & M 30-50) Begins to build a repertoire of songs and dances. (EAD M & M 40-60)
- Children sing songs, make music and dance, and experiment with ways of changing them.
 (EAD – M & M ELG)
- Developing preferences for forms of expression. (EAD – BI 30-50)
- Uses movement to express feelings. (EAD – BI 30-50)
- Creates movement in response to music. (EAD BI 30-50)
- Captures experiences and responses with a range of media, such as dance. (EAD – BI 30-50)
- Initiates new combinations of movement and gesture in order to express and respond to feelings, ideas and experiences. (EAD – BI 40-60)
- Children represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through dance. (EAD BI ELG)

KS1 National Curriculum Aims

Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations. Pupils should be taught to:

- master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and coordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities;
- perform dances using simple movement patterns.

KS2 National Curriculum Aims

Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success. Pupils should be taught to:

- develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics];
- perform dances using a range of movement patterns;
- compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.

Dance....

Year R



- Join a range of different movements together.
- Change the speed of their actions.
- Change the style of their movements.
- Create a short movement phrase which demonstrates their own ideas.



Dance Skills

Year 1

- Copy and repeat actions.
- Put a sequence of actions together to create a motif.
- Vary the speed of their actions.
- Use simple choreographic devices such as unison, canon and mirroring.
- Begin to improvise independently to create a simple dance.



Year 2

- Copy, remember and repeat actions.
- Create a short motif inspired by a stimulus.
- Change the speed and level of their actions.
- Use simple choreographic devices such as unison, canon and mirroring.
- Use different transitions within a dance motif.
- Move in time to music.

Year 4

Improve the timing of their actions.

Year 3

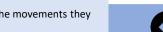


- Begin to improvise with a partner to create a simple dance.
- Create motifs from different stimuli.
- Begin to compare and adapt movements and motifs to create a larger sequence.
- Use simple dance vocabulary to compare and improve work.
- Perform with some awareness of rhythm and expression.

Year 5

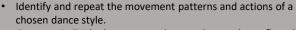


- Identify and repeat the movement patterns and actions of a chosen dance style.
- Compose individual, partner and group dances that reflect the chosen dance style.
- Show a change of pace and timing in their movements.
- Develop an awareness of their use of space.
- Demonstrate imagination and creativity in the movements they devise in response to stimuli.
- Use transitions to link motifs smoothly together.
- Improvise with confidence, still demonstrating fluency across the sequence.
- Ensure their actions fit the rhythm of the music.
- Modify parts of a sequence as a result of self and peer evaluation
- Use more complex dance vocabulary to compare and improve work.





- · Identify and repeat the movement patterns and actions of a chosen dance style.
- Compose a dance that reflects the chosen dance style.
- Confidently improvise with a partner or on their own.
- Compose longer dance sequences in a small group.
- Demonstrate precision and some control in response to stimuli.
- Begin to vary dynamics and develop actions and motifs in response to stimuli.
- Demonstrate rhythm and spatial awareness.
- Change parts of a dance as a result of self-evaluation.
- Use simple dance vocabulary when comparing and improving work



- Compose individual, partner and group dances that reflect the chosen dance style.
- Use dramatic expression in dance movements and motifs.
- Perform with confidence, using a range of movement patterns.
- Demonstrate strong and controlled movements throughout a dance sequence. Combine flexibility, techniques and movements to create a fluent sequence.
- Move appropriately and with the required style in relation to the stimulus, e.g. using various levels, ways of travelling and motifs.
- Show a change of pace and timing in their movements.
- Move rhythmically and accurately in dance sequences.
- Improvise with confidence, still demonstrating fluency across their sequence.
- Dance with fluency and control, linking all movements and ensuring that transitions flow.
- Demonstrate consistent precision when performing dance sequences.
- Modify some elements of a sequence as a result of self and peer evaluation.
- Use complex dance vocabulary to compare and improve work.



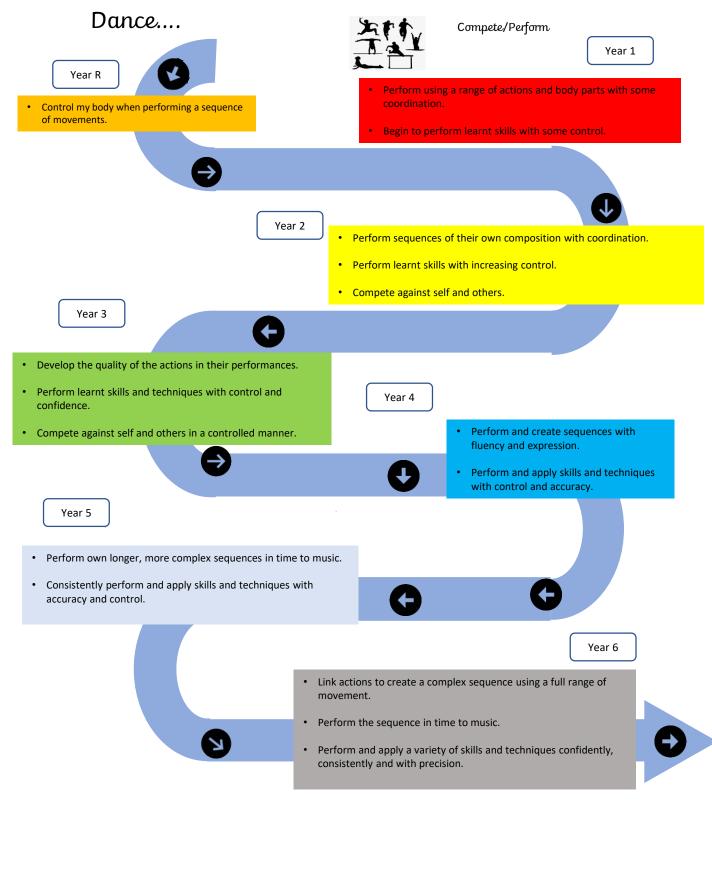
















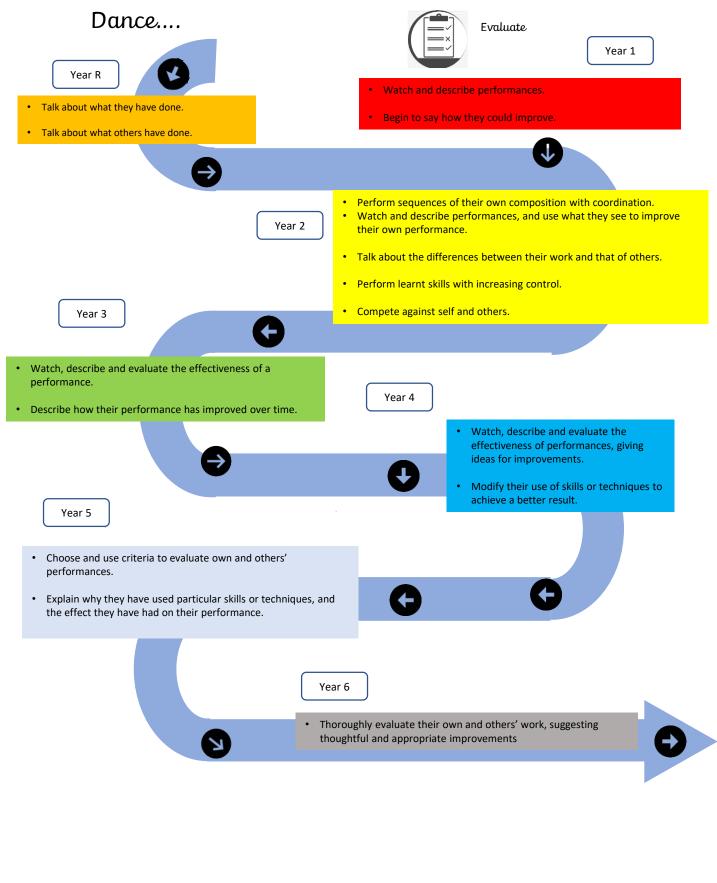




























Games Progression Grid

Early Years Outcome

The main Early Years
Outcomes covered in the
Games units are:

- Shows increasing control over an object in pushing, patting, throwing, catching or kicking it. (PD – M&H 40-60)
- Children show good control and co-ordination in large and small movements. (PD – M&H ELG)
- Negotiates space successfully when playing racing and chasing games with other children, adjusting speed or changing direction to avoid obstacles. (PD M&H 40-60)
- Experiments with different ways of moving. (PD M&H 40-60)
- They move confidently in a range of ways, safely negotiating space. (PD M&H ELG)

KS1 National Curriculum Aims

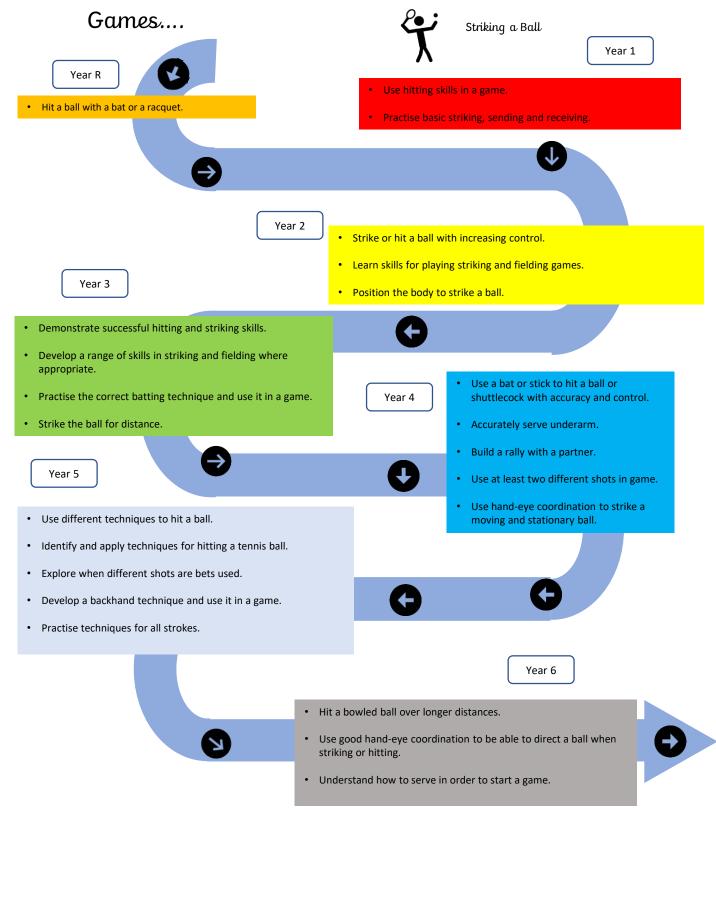
Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations. Pupils should be taught to:

- master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and coordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities:
- participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending;
- perform dances using simple movement patterns.

KS2 National Curriculum Aims

Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success. Pupils should be taught to:

- use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination;
- play competitive games, modified where appropriate [for example, badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending;
- develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics];
- compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.







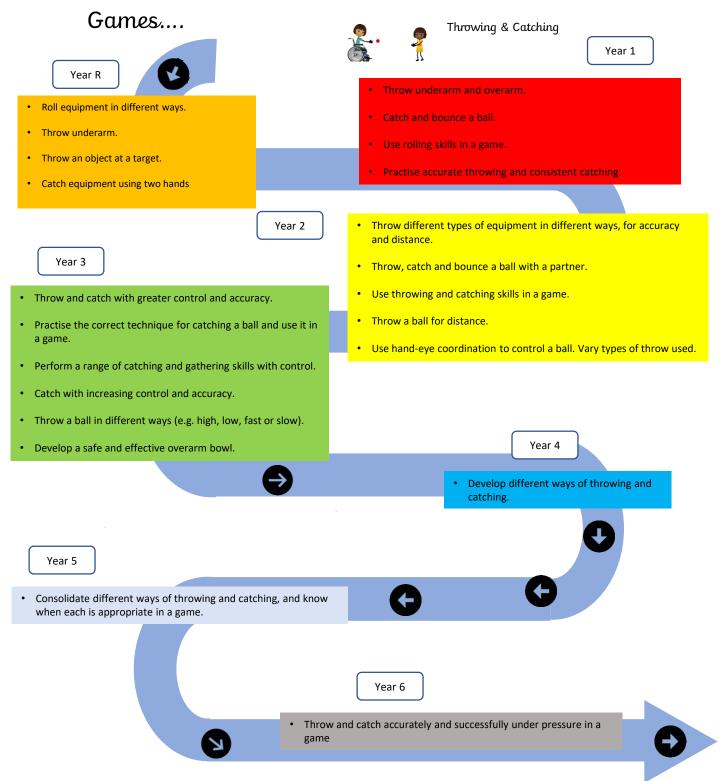


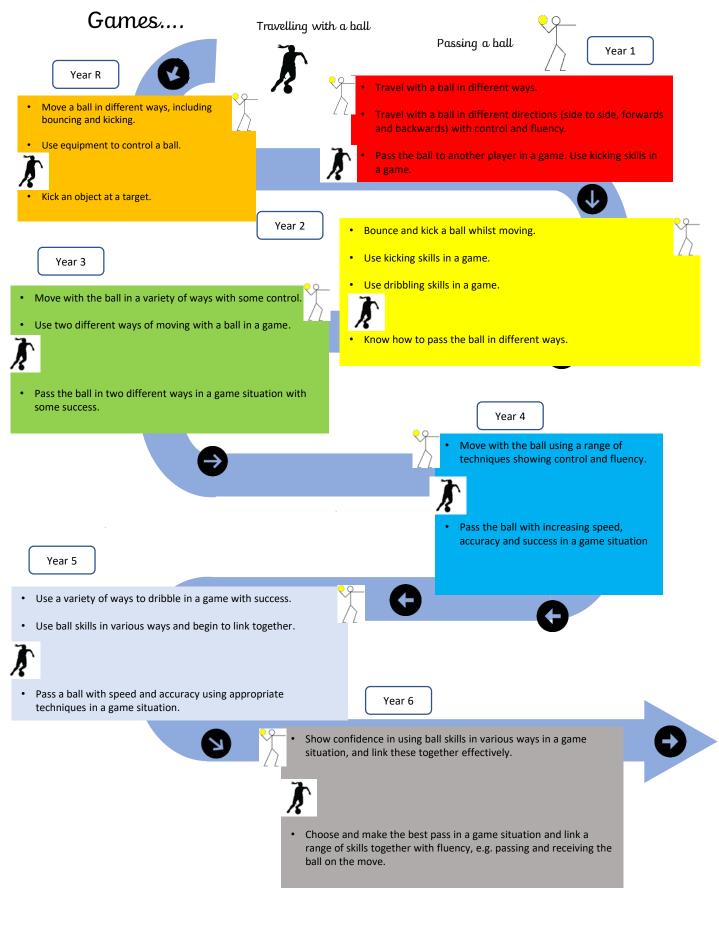
















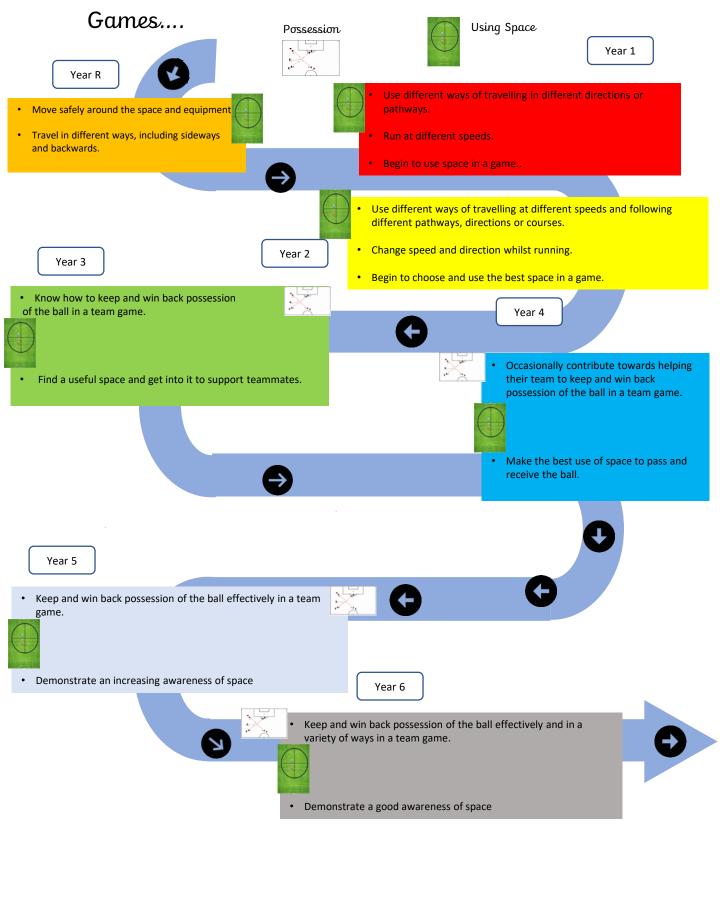
















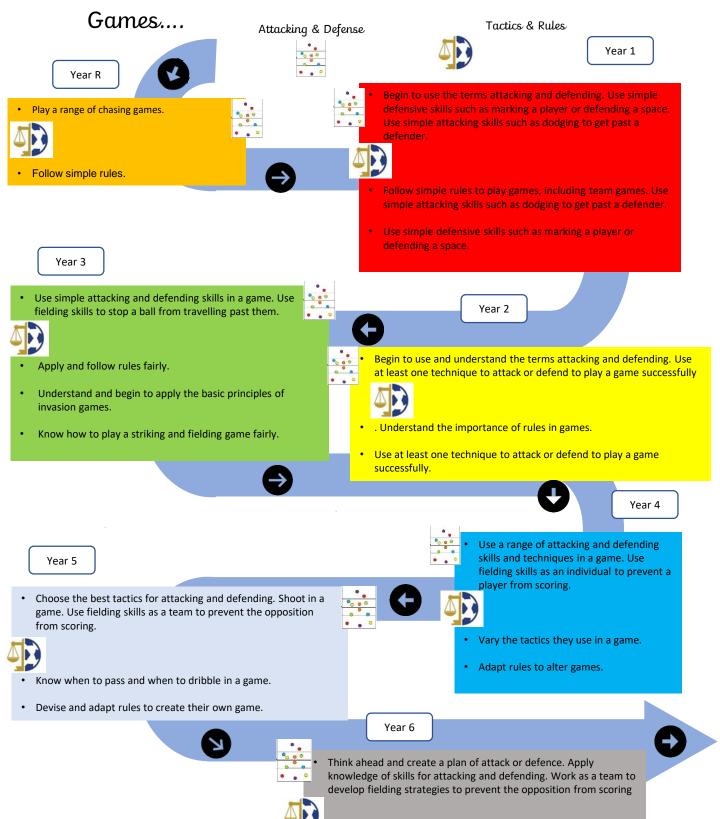












Follow and create complicated rules to play a game successfully.

Communicate plans to others during a game.

Lead others during a game.

Evaluate



Year 1

Year R



Control my body when performing a sequence of movements. Participate in simple games.

Talk about what they have done.

Talk about what others have done.



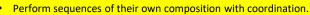
Year 2



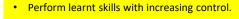
- Perform using a range of actions and body parts with some
- Begin to perform learnt skills with some control.
- Engage in competitive activities and team games.



- Watch and describe performances.
- Begin to say how they could improve











- Watch and describe performances, and use what they see to improve their own performance.
- Talk about the differences between their work and that of others.

Year 3

- Develop the quality of the actions in their performances.
- Perform learnt skills and techniques with control and confidence.
- · Compete against self and others in a controlled manner



Watch, describe and evaluate the effectiveness of a performance. Describe how their performance has improved over time.



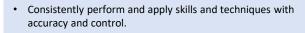


- Perform and apply skills and techniques with control and accuracy.
- Take part in a range of competitive games and activities.

Year 4

Year 5

tactics and composition.



· Take part in competitive games with a strong understanding of





- Watch, describe and evaluate the effectiveness of performances, giving ideas for improvements.
- Modify their use of skills or techniques to achieve a better result.



- Choose and use criteria to evaluate own and others' performance.
- Explain why they have used particular skills or techniques, and the effect they have had on their performance

Year 6





- Perform and apply a variety of skills and techniques confidently, consistently and with precision.
- Take part in competitive games with a strong understanding of tactics and composition.



Thoroughly evaluate their own and others' work, suggesting thoughtful and appropriate improvements



























Athletics Progression Grid

Early Years Outcome

The main Early year's outcomes covered in the athletic units are:

- . shows increasing control over an object in pushing, patting, throwing, catching or kicking.
- . Children show good control and coordination in large and small movements.
- . Negotiates space successfully when playing racing and chasing games with other children, adjusting speed or changing direction to avoid obstacles.
- . Experiments with different ways of moving.
- . They move confidently in a range of ways, safely negotiating space.

KS1 National Curriculum Aims

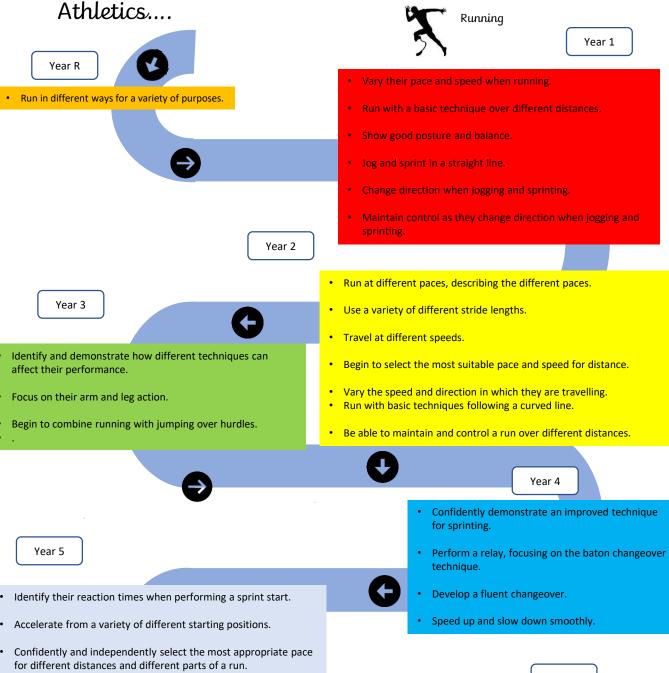
Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills before becoming increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive and cooperative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations. Pupils should be taught to:

- . Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and coordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities.
- . Participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending.

KS2 National Curriculum Aims

Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success. Pupils should be taught to:

- . Use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination.
- . Play competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.
- . Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance.
- . Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.





- Build up speed quickly for a sprint finish.
- Use their preferred leg when running over hurdles.
- Accelerate to pass other competitors
- Work as a team to competitively perform a relay.







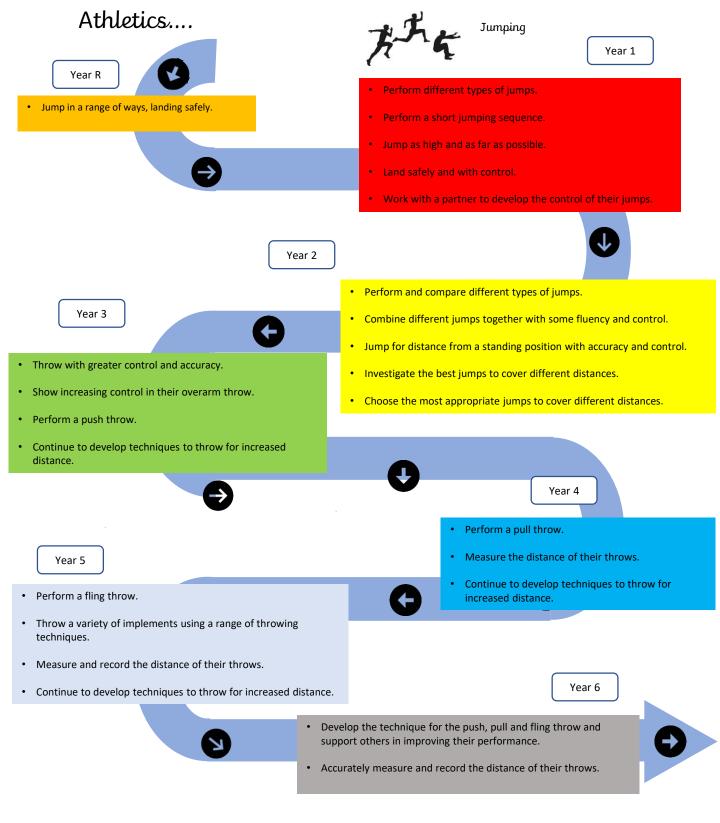
























Athletics....

Year R

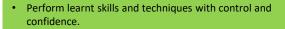


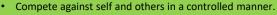
- Control their body, when performing a sequence of movements.
- Participate in simple games.



- Talk about what they have done.
- Talk about what others have done.

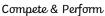
Year 3







Watch, describe and evaluate the effectiveness of a performance. Describe how their performance has improved over time.

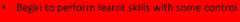




Year 2







Engage in competitive activities and team games.

Evaluate

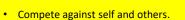


- Watch and describe performances.
- Begin to say how they could improve



Year 1

Perform learnt skills with increasing control.





- Watch and describe performances, and use what they see to improve their own performance.
- Talk about the differences between their work and that of others.

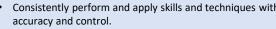
Year 4

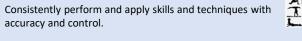


- Perform and apply skills and techniques with control and accuracy.
- Take part in a range of competitive games and activities.

Year 5

tactics and composition.





· Take part in competitive games with a strong understanding of





- Watch, describe and evaluate the effectiveness of performances, giving ideas for improvements.
- Modify their use of skills or techniques to achieve a better result.



- Choose and use criteria to evaluate own and others' performance.
- Explain why they have used particular skills or techniques, and the effect they have had on their performance

Year 6





- Perform and apply a variety of skills and techniques confidently, consistently and with precision.
- Take part in competitive games with a strong understanding of tactics and composition.



Thoroughly evaluate their own and others' work, suggesting thoughtful and appropriate improvements















Gymnastics Progression Grid

Early Years Outcome

The main Early Years Outcomes covered in the Gymnastics units are:

- Initiates new combinations of movement and gesture in order to express and respond to feelings, ideas and experiences. (EAD BI 40-60)
- Experiments with different ways of moving. (PD M&H 40-60)
- Jumps off an object and lands appropriately. (PD M&H 40-60)
- Travels with confidence and skill around, under, over and through balancing and climbing equipment. (PD M&H 40-60)

KS1 National Curriculum Aims

The main KS1 national curriculum aims covered in the Gymnastics units are:

• Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and coordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities

KS2 National Curriculum Aims

The main KS2 national curriculum aims covered in the Gymnastics units are:

- Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics].
- Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best

Gymnastics....

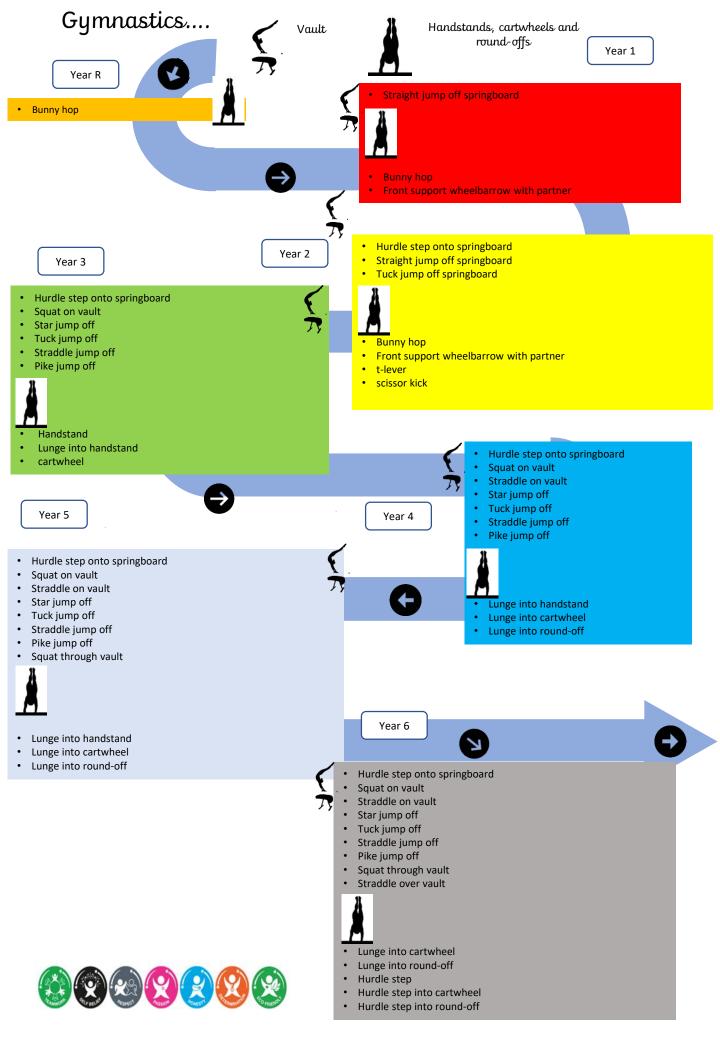


Acquiring and Developing Skills in Gymnastics (General)



sequence of movements. Roll in movement sequences with a beginning, middle and end. Travel in different ways. Stretch in different ways. Changing direction and speed. Sump in a range of ways from one space to another with control. Stretches. Carry out simple steriches. Carry out a range of Begin to Stretch in combinations to make a sequence. Link actions to make a sequence. Link different ways, including rolling. Link combinations of actions, addirections and increasing of actions, sequences of movements; shapes and balances. Shapes and with increasing of actions, sequences of movements. Shapes and with directions, sequences. Shapes and with directions, sequences. Shapes and balances. Shapes and balances. Shapes and with directions and actions, shapes and balances. Individually a travelling, balances. Shapes and with directions, sequences of movements: travelling, balances. Shapes and balances. Show carry of weighing, vaulting of actions, shapes and balances. Show carry of weighing, actions, shapes and balances of carting the position of their attailly of actions, shapes and balances. Show combinations of							
short sequence of movements. Copy actions and movements to create their own sequence. Roll in different ways with control. Travel in different ways. Stretch in different ways. Carry out a range of remember actions and movements to create their own sequence. Link actions to make a sequence. Hold a still shape whilst balancing on different ways. changing direction and speed. Jump in a range of ways from one space to another with control. Each of the equipment sequence. Move with increasing control and care. Move with increasing control and care. Move with increasing control and care. Move with increasing control and balances. Travel in a variety of ways. including rolling. Travel in a variety of ways, including rolling. Hold a still shape whilst balancing on different ways, changing direction and speed. Climb onto and jump of ways from one space to another with control. Carry out a range of simple jumps, landing	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
control. coordination, ways, and where it Develop strength control and including should be in technique and	short sequence of movements. Roll in different ways with control. Travel in different ways. Stretch in different ways. Jump in a range of ways from one space to another with control. Begin to balance with control. Move around, under, over, and through different objects and	movement sequence. Copy actions and movement sequences with a beginning, middle and end. Link two actions to make a sequence. Recognise and copy contrasting actions (small/tall, narrow/wide). Travel in different ways, changing direction and speed. Hold still shapes and simple balances. Carry out simple stretches. Carry out a range of simple jumps, landing safely. Move around, under, over, and through different objects and equipment. Begin to move with	remember actions and movements to create their own sequence. Link actions to make a sequence. Travel in a variety of ways, including rolling. Hold a still shape whilst balancing on different points of the body. Jump in a variety of ways and land with increasing control and balance. Climb onto and jump off the equipment safely. Move with increasing	ideas to compose a movement sequence independentl y and with others. Link combinations of actions with increasing confidence, including changes of direction, speed or level. Develop the quality of their actions, shapes and balances. Move with coordination, control and care. Use turns whilst travelling in a variety of ways. Use a range of jumps in their sequences. Begin to use equipment to vault. Create interesting body shapes while holding balances with control and confidence. Begin to show flexibility in	sequence of actions that fit a theme. Use an increasing range of actions, directions and levels in their sequences. Move with clarity, fluency and expression. Show changes of direction, speed and level during a performance. Travel in different ways, including using flight. Improve the placement and alignment of body parts in balances. Use equipment to vault in a variety of ways. Carry out balances, recognising the position of their centre of gravity and how this affects the balance. Begin to develop good technique when travelling, balancing and using equipment. Develop strength, technique and flexibility throughout	compose specific sequences of movements, shapes and balances. Adapt their sequences to fit new criteria or suggestions. Perform jumps, shapes and balances fluently and with control. Confidently develop the placement of their body parts in balances, recognising the position of their centre of gravity and where it should be in relation to the base of the balance. Confidently use equipment to vault in a variety of ways. Apply skills and techniques consistently. Develop strength, technique and flexibility throughout performances. Combine equipment with movement to create	complex sequences involving the full ran of actions and movements: travelling, balancing holding shapes, jumping, leaping, swinging, vaulting as stretching. Demonstrate precise and controlled placement of body parts in their actions shapes and balances. Confidently use equipment to vault and incorporate this into sequences. Apply skills and techniques consistently, showin precision and control Develop strength, technique and flexibility throughout







Shapes & Balances

Year 1

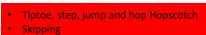


Tiptoe, step, jump and hop











Skipping

Galloping

- Standing balances
- **Kneeling balances**

Straight jump half-turn

straight, straddle shapes

Front and back support

Standing balances Kneeling balances Large body part balances

Pike, tuck, star, straight, straddle shapes

Tiptoe, step, jump and hop Hopscotch

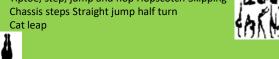
Standing balances

Year 3





- Tiptoe, step, jump and hop Hopscotch Skipping





- Large and small body part balances, including standing and kneeling balances
- Balances on apparatus
- Matching and contrasting partner balances
- Pike, tuck, star, straight, straddle shapes Front and back support

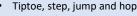


- Tiptoe, step, jump and hop Hopscotch Skipping
 - Chassis steps Straight jump half turn
 - Straight jump full turn

Balances on apparatus Balances with a partner Pike, tuck, star,

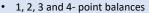
- Cat leap
- Cat leap half turn Pivot





- Hopscotch
- Skipping
- Chassis steps Straight jump half turn
- Straight jump full turn
- Cat leap
- Cat leap half turn Pivot





- Balances on apparatus
- Part body weight partner balances Pike, tuck, star, straight, straddle shapes
- Front and back support





Year 4

- 1, 2, 3 and 4- point balances Balances on apparatus Balances with and against a partner
- Pike, tuck, star, straight, straddle shapes
- Front and back support





- Tiptoe, step, jump and hop Hopscotch
- Skipping
- Chassis steps
- Straight jump half turn Straight jump full turn
- Cat leap
- Cat leap half turn
- Cat leap full turn



- 1, 2, 3 and 4- point balances
- Balances on apparatus
- Full body weight partner balances
- Pike, tuck, star, straight, straddle shapes
- Front and back support













Compete & Perform





Year 1



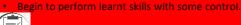


Control my body when performing a sequence of movements. Participate in simple games.





Perform using a range of actions and body parts with some





Year 2



- Watch and describe performances.
- Begin to say how they could improve

Perform learnt skills with increasing control.



Perform sequences of their own composition with coordination.



Year 3

Talk about what they have done.

Talk about what others have done.

- Develop the quality of the actions in their performances.
- Perform learnt skills and techniques with control and confidence.
- Compete against self and others in a controlled manner.



- Watch and describe performances, and use what they see to improve their own performance.
- Talk about the differences between their work and that of others.



Watch, describe and evaluate the effectiveness of a performance. Describe how their performance has improved over time.



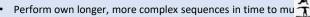


Perform and create sequences with fluency and expression.

Year 4

Perform and apply skills and techniques with control and accuracy.

Year 5



Consistently perform and apply skills and techniques with





- Watch, describe and evaluate the effectiveness of performances, giving ideas for improvements.
- Modify their use of skills or techniques to achieve a better result.



- Choose and use criteria to evaluate own and others' performance.
- Explain why they have used particular skills or techniques, and the effect they have had on their performance

Year 6





- Link actions to create a complex sequence using a full range of movement that showcases different agilities, performed in time to music.
- Perform and apply a variety of skills and techniques confidently, consistently and with precision.
- Begin to record their peers' performances, and evaluate these.



Thoroughly evaluate their own and others' work, suggesting thoughtful and appropriate improvements















Outdoor Adventure Progression Grid KS2 National Curriculum Aims Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success. Pupils should be taught to: · take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges

both individually and within a team;

compare their performances with

previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their

personal best

Outdoor Adventure...





Problem Solving



Year 3

Orientate themselves with increasing confidence and accuracy around a short trail.



Year 4





- Identify and use effective communication to begin to work as
- Identify symbols used on a key.



- Orientate themselves with accuracy around a short trail.
- Create a short trail for others with a physical challenge.
- Start to recognise features of an orienteering course.



Year 5

- Start to orientate themselves with increasing confidence and accuracy around an orienteering course.
- · Design an orienteering course that can be followed and offers some challenge to others.
- Begin to use navigation equipment to orientate around a trail.



- Communicate clearly with other people in a team, and with other teams.
- Have experience of a range of roles within a team and begin to identify the key skills required to succeed at each.



Associate the meaning of a key in the context of the environment.

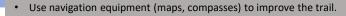


- Use clear communication to effectively complete a particular role in a team.
- Complete orienteering activities both as part of a team and independently.
- Identify a key on a map and begin to use the information in activities.





- Orientate themselves with confidence and accuracy around an orienteering course when under pressure.
- Design an orienteering course that is clear to follow and offers challenge to others.





- Use clear communication to effectively complete a particular role in a team.
- Compete in orienteering activities both as part of a team and independently.
- Use a range of map styles and make an informed decision on the most effective.





















Outdoor Adventure...

Preparation and Organisation

Communication



Year 3

Begin to choose equipment that is appropriate for an





Year 4





Communicate with others.



- Try a range of equipment for creating and completing an activity.
- Make an informed decision on the best equipment to use for an activity. Plan and organise a trail that others can follow



Communicate clearly with others. Work as part of a team

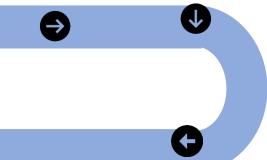


- Choose the best equipment for an outdoor activity.
- Create an outdoor activity that challenges others.
- Create a simple plan of an activity for others to follow.
- Identify the quickest route to accurately navigate an orienteering course.



- Communicate clearly and effectively with others.
- Work effectively as part of a team.







- Choose the best equipment for an outdoor activity.
- Prepare an orienteering course for others to follow.



- Identify the quickest route to accurately navigate an orienteering course.
- Manage an orienteering event for others to compete in.



- Communicate clearly and effectively with others when under pressure.
- Work effectively as part of a team, demonstrating leadership skills

















Outdoor Adventure...



Compete & Perform



Evaluate



Year 3

• Begin to complete activities in a set period of time.





Year 4



 Begin to offer an evaluation of personal performances and activities.



- Watch, describe and evaluate the effectiveness of a performance.
- Describe how their performance has improved over time.



- Complete an orienteering course more than once and begin to identify ways of improving completion time.
- Offer an evaluation of both personal performances and activities.
- Start to improve trails to increase the challenge of the course



Watch, describe and evaluate the effectiveness of performances, giving

ideas for improvements.

 Modify their use of skills or techniques to achieve a better result





- Complete an orienteering course on multiple occasions, in a quicker time due to improved technique.
- Offer a detailed and effective evaluation of both personal performances and activities.
- Improve a trail to increase the challenge of the course.



- Choose and use criteria to evaluate own and others' performances.
- Explain why they have used particular skills or techniques, and the effect they have had on their performance.

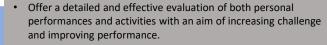




Year 6



 Complete an orienteering course on multiple occasions, in a quicker time due to improved technique.



• Listen to feedback and improve an orienteering course from it.



 Thoroughly evaluate their own and others' work, suggesting thoughtful and appropriate improvements.















